

Institute of <u>Geology and Oil and Gas Business</u> Department of <u>Petroleum Engineering</u>

EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM

6B07204 Petroleum engineering

Code and classification of the field of education: <u>6B07 Engineering</u>, manufacturing and construction industries

Code and classification of training areas: <u>6B072 Manufacturing and processing</u> industries

Group of educational programs: B071 Mining and mineral extraction

NQF Level: 6 IQF Level: 6

Duration of training: 4 Volume of credits: 240

Educational program 6B07204 Petroleum engineering

the cipher and the name of the educational program

approved at the meeting of the Academic Council of KazNRTU named after K.I.Satpayev.

Protocol no. 5 from 2022y." 24" 11

Reviewed and recommended for approval at a meeting of the Educational and Methodological Council of KazNRTU named after K.I.Satpayev.

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Educational program 6B07204 Petroleum engineering

the cipher and the name of the educational program

developed by the academic committee in the direction of "Petroleum Engineering"

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List of abbreviations and designations

EP – Educational program

NQF – National Qualifications Framework

IQF – Industry Qualifications Framework

KC – Key competencies

PC – Professional competencies

MIOR – Methods of increasing oil recovery

1. Description of the educational program

The educational program "Petroleum Engineering" is devoted to the study, monitoring and management of natural and man-made systems for the extraction of hydrocarbons (oil, associated and natural gas) and other components from the subsurface on the basis of rational subsurface use, including resource-saving, environmentally safe and cost-effective geotechnologies for the development of subsurface resources, systems for the preparation of well products and geological and technical systems for long-term and trouble-free functioning. The program provides for the study of a wide range of subjects from fundamental sciences (mathematics, physics, geology, chemistry) to special disciplines on the development and operation of oil and gas fields, methods of enhanced oil recovery, modeling of technological processes. The subjects of professional activity of the OP are deposits and enterprises engaged in the development and operation of oil and gas fields.

2. Purpose and objectives of the educational program

EP purpose: The purpose of the educational program is to train highly qualified and competitive specialists in the oil and gas industry, competent in the field of development, operation of oil and gas fields, transportation of hydrocarbons and petroleum products.

EP objectives:

- 1. To train specialists who will be able to apply knowledge of mathematics, science and technology, as well as identify, formulate and solve engineering problems to improve the technological processes of the oil and gas industry.
- 2. To instill in students knowledge of research methodology (setting research goals, data collection, data processing and transformation, data examination, model building and method selection, presentation and visualization of results)
- 3. Develop the ability to extract the necessary information from various sources, including information flows in real time, analyze it for further decision-making and see logical connections in the system of collected information.
 - 4. Train students to effectively convey information and thoughts to other people.
- 5. To instill in students the desire for independent learning and the manifestation of a high level of competence in engineering principles and in practice.
- 6. To instill in students the skills of working in different industry and multicultural teams.
- 7. To develop the graduates' need to live and practice ethical, social and environmental standards in their professions in a responsible manner.

3. Requirements for assessing learning outcomes of an educational program

The educational program has been developed in accordance with the State Mandatory Standards of Higher and Postgraduate Education, approved by Order No. 2 of the Minister of Science and Higher Education of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated July 20, 2022 (registered in the Register of State Registration of Normative Legal Acts under No. 28916) and reflects the learning outcomes on the basis of which curricula are developed (working curricula, individual curricula of students) and working curricula in disciplines (syllabuses). Mastering disciplines of at least 10% of the total volume of credits of the educational program using MOOC on the official platform https://polytechonline.kz/cabinet/login/index.php / , as well as through the study of disciplines through the international educational platform Coursera https://www.coursera.org/.

The assessment of learning outcomes is carried out according to the developed test tasks within the framework of the educational program in accordance with the requirements of the state mandatory standard of higher and postgraduate education.

When evaluating learning outcomes, uniform conditions and equal opportunities are created for students to demonstrate their knowledge, skills and abilities.

Online proctoring is used when conducting intermediate certification in an online form.

4. Passport of the educational program

4.1. General information

№	Field name	Note
1	Code and classification of field	6B07 Engineering, Manufacturing
		and Civil engineering
2	Code and classification of direction of	
	personnel training: 6B071 Engineering and	industries
	engineering trades	
3	Group of educational programs:	B071 Mining and mineral extraction
	Name of educational program	6B07204 Petroleum engineering
5		The educational program is harmonized with
		the 6th level of the National Qualifications
		Framework of the Republic of Kazakhstan, the
		Dublin Descriptors and contains a wide range
		of disciplines of fundamental sciences and
		special disciplines on the development and
		operation of oil and gas fields, methods of enhanced oil recovery, modeling of
		enhanced oil recovery, modeling of technological processes.
6	EP purpose	The purpose of the educational program is to
	Li purpose	train highly qualified and competitive
		specialists in the oil and gas industry,
		competent in the field of development,
		operation of oil and gas fields, transportation of
		hydrocarbons and petroleum products
7	EP type	New EP
8	Level on NQF	6
	Level on IQF	6
	Distinctive features of EP	No
11		1. Apply knowledge of mathematics, science
	1 6	and technology 2.Design and conduct
		experiments, as well as analyze and interpret
		data 3.Develop systems, components, or
		processes to meet desired needs under specific constraints such as economic, environmental,
		social, political, ethical, health, and safety,
		production and stability 4. Work effectively in
		interdisciplinary teams 5.Identify, formulate
		and solve technical problems 6.Understand
		professional and ethical responsibility
		7.Communicate effectively, be able to
		formulate thoughts and present projects in
		public 8.Understand the impact of technical
		solutions in a global, economic, environmental
		and social context 9.Understand the need for
		lifelong learning and self-study 10.Know the
		current problems of the geological and mining
		industry, be able to analyze and make decisions

		11.Use the methods, skills and modern
		engineering tools necessary for engineering
		practice
12	Educational program learning outcomes:	ON1. Apply knowledge of mathematics,
		science and technology to solve professional
		problems
		ON2. Be able to design and conduct
		experiments, as well as analyze and interpret
		experimental data to develop optimal solutions
		ON3. Have the skills to design technological
		processes for the development of oil and gas
		fields in order to achieve the tasks set within
		realistic constraints
		ON4. Have the skills to work in
		interdisciplinary teams
		ON5. Be able to identify, formulate and solve
		technical problems in the operation of oil and
		gas fields
		ON6. Understand professional and ethical
		responsibility in the process of working in
		labor communities
		ON7. Have effective communication skills in
		professional and public organizations
		ON8. Understand the consequences of
		technical solutions in the development, operation of oil and gas fields and
		operation of oil and gas fields and transportation of hydrocarbons in a global,
		economic, environmental and social context
		ON 9. The need for lifelong learning and self-
		study
		ON 10. Be able to analyze modern problems
		and determine the principles of improving
		technological processes in the oil and gas
		industry
		ON11. Be able to use the methods, skills and
		modern engineering tools necessary for
13	Form of training	Full time
14		4
15	Volume of the credits	240
16	Language of education	Kazakh, Russian, English
17	Academic degree awarded:	Bachelor of Engineering and Technology
18	Developer(s) and authors:	G.Zh.Yeligbayeva
14 15 16 17	Period of study Volume of the credits Language of education Academic degree awarded:	modern engineering tools necessary f engineering practice Full time 4 240 Kazakh, Russian, English Bachelor of Engineering and Technology

4.2. The relationship between the achievability of the formed learning outcomes in the educational program and academic disciplines

№	Name of discipline	Short description of	Amount of	of The formed educational outcomes										
	_	discipline	credits	ON1	ON	2 ON3	ON	ON5	ON6	ON7	ON8	ON9	ON1	ON1
		_					4					0		1
		Cycle of genera	al education											
		discipli	ines											1
		Required co												
1	Foreign language	English is a compulsary subject.					v		V	V	v			l
		According to the results of												İ
		placement test or IELTS score,												1
		students are placed into groups												1
		and disciplines. The name of the												1
		discipline corresponds to the												1
		level of English.												1
		When passing from level to												1
		level, prerequisites and												1
		postrequisites are respected.												<u> </u>
2	Kazakh (Russian) language	Kazakh (Russian) language	10				v		V		v	v		1
		In this course author considers												İ
		socio-political, socio-cultural												1
		spheres of communication and												1
		functional styles of the modern												1
		kazakh (russian) language. The	,											İ
		course covers the specifics of												1
		the scientific style to develop												1
		and activate professional												1
		communication skills and												l
		abilities of students. Also it												l
		allows students to leavn the												l
		basics of scientific style	:											l

		practically and develop the ability of production structural								
		and semantic text analysis.								
3	Physical Culture	The purpose of the discipline is	8		v	v		v	V	v
		to master the forms and								
		methods of forming a healthy								
		lifestyle within the framework								
		of the professional education								
		system. Familiarization with the								
		natural-scientific basics of								
		physical education, knowledge								
		of modern health-improving								
		technologies, basic methods of								
		independent physical education								
		and sports. As part of the								
		course, the student will master								
		the rules of judging in all sports.								
4	Information and	The aim of the course is to gain	5		V	V	V	V		
	Communication technology	theoretical knowledge in								
	(in English)	information processing, the								
		latest information technologies,								
		local and global networks, the								
		methods of information								
		protection; Getting the right use								
		of text editor editors and								
		tabulators; creation of base and								
		different categories of								
		applications.								
5	History of Kazakhstan	The purpose of the discipline is			V	V	V	V		
		to provide objective historical								
		knowledge about the main								
		stages of the history of								
		Kazakhstan from ancient times								
		to the present day; introduce								

		students to the problems of the formation and development of statehood and historical and cultural processes; contribute to the formation of humanistic values and patriotic feelings in the student; teach the student to use the acquired historical knowledge in educational, professional and everyday life; evaluate the role of Kazakhstan in world history.								
6	Philosophy	The purpose of the discipline is to teach students the theoretical foundations of philosophy as a way of knowing and spiritually mastering the world; developing their interest in fundamental knowledge, stimulating the need for philosophical assessments of historical events and facts of reality, assimilating the idea of the unity of the world historical and cultural process while recognizing the diversity of their skills in applying philosophical and general scientific methods in professional activities.		V		v		V	Y	
7	Module of socio-political knowledge (sociology, political science)	The objectives of the disciplines 3 are to provide students with explanations on the sociological analysis of society, about social	v		1	V	V			

				,	-	-	,					
		communities and personality,										
		factors and patterns of social										
		development, forms of										
		interaction, types and directions										
		of social processes, forms of										1
		regulation of social behavior, as										1
		well as primary political										1
		knowledge that will serve as a										1
		theoretical basis for										1
		understanding social -political										1
		processes, for the formation of										1
		political culture, development										1
		of a personal position and a										1
		clearer understanding of the										
		extent of one's responsibility;										1
		help to master the political,										
		legal, moral, ethical and socio-										
		cultural norms necessary to act										
		in the interests of society, form										
		personal responsibility and										1
		achieve personal success.										
8	Module of socio-political	The purpose of the disciplines is	5					v	v	v	V	
	knowledge (cultural studies,	to study the real processes of										1
	psychology)	cultural creative activity of										1
		people who create material and										1
		spiritual values, identify the										1
		main trends and patterns of										1
		cultural development, changes										
		in cultural eras, methods and										1
		styles, their role in the										
		formation of man and the										1
		development of society, as well										
		as master psychological										
		knowledge for the effective										
											l	

	organization of interpersonal												
	interaction, social adaptation in												
	the field of their professional												
	activities.												
		andian diani	- 1: o a										
	Cycle of general educ		onnes										
1 Fundamentals of anti	Fundamentals of anti- The course introduces students 5 v v v v												
corruption culture and law	to the improvement of socio-	3			•		•	•					
corruption culture and law	economic relations of												
	Kazakhstan society,												
	psychological features of												
	corrupt behavior. Special												
	attention is paid to the												
	formation of an anti-corruption												
	culture, legal responsibility for												
	acts of corruption in various												
	spheres. The purpose of												
	studying the discipline												
	«Fundamentals of anti-												
	corruption culture and law» is												
	to increase public and												
	individual legal awareness and												
	legal culture of students, as												
	well as the formation of a												
	knowledge system and a civic												
	position on combating												
	corruption as an antisocial												
	phenomenon. Expected results:												
	to realize the values of moral												
	consciousness and follow												
	moral norms in everyday												
	practice; to work on improving												
	the level of moral and legal												
	culture; to use spiritual and												

		moral mechanisms to prevent corruption.								
2	Fundamentals of scientific research methods	Introduction. Science and scientific thinking. Basic concepts. The main categories of science. Science as a system of knowledge. Fact, hypothesis, theory, con-cept. Methodology, method, methodology. Scientific research. Technology of research work. Stages of scientific research. Technology of working with sci-entific literature. Presentation of research results. System approach, system thinking, system analysis. General logical methods of research. Organization of scientific activity and scientific research. Implementation of the results of scientific research. Economic effi-ciency of scientific research.	5	V		V				
3	Fundamentals of economics and entrepreneurship	Discipline studies the foundations of economics and entrepreneurial activity from the point of view of science and law; features, problematic aspects and development prospects; the theory and practice of entrepreneurship as a system of economic and organizational relations of	5		V	V	V	V		

		business structures; The											
		readiness of entrepreneurs for											
		innovative susceptibility. The											
		discipline reveals the content of											
		entrepreneurial activity, the											
		stages of career, qualities,											
		competencies and											
		responsibility of the											
		entrepreneur, theoretical and											
		practical business planning and											
		economic examination of											
		business ideas, as well as the											
		analysis of the risks of											
		innovative development, the											
		introduction of new											
		technologies and technological											
		solutions.											
4	Ecology and life safety	The discipline studies the tasks	5				V	v		v		V	V
		of ecology as a science,											
		environmental terms, the laws											
		of the functioning of natural											
		systems and aspects of											
		environmental safety in the											
		conditions of labor activity.											
		Monitoring of the environment											
		and management in the field of											
		its safety. Sources of pollution											
		of atmospheric air, surface,											
		groundwater, soil and ways to											
		solve environmental problems;											
		life safety in the technosphere;											
		natural and man-made											
		emergencies	** *										
	Cycle of basic disciplines												

		University con	mponent				
1	Introduction to major	Introduction to basic concepts of petroleum engineering, including drilling and completion of wells, petroleum reservoir engineering, production engineering, surface gathering and treatment, and transportation and storage.	4	v	V		
2	Well log analysis	This class covers basic well logging methods to evaluate important reservoir properties. Among the topics to be discussed are: fundamental rock physics principles, introduction to well logging measurement tools, analysis of open hole logs, porosity determination, formation evaluation of clay-free and shaly sand formations, determination of water saturation, Archie's equation, net pay thickness, hydrocarbon saturation and recoverable reserves, mud logging principles, density, neutron and sonic logs, resistivity logs, and lithology cross plots.	5	v	V		
3	Revervoir Fluid properties	This class covers basics of petroleum fluids encountered in reservoir, during drilling and completion operations, and oilfield waters. For example,	5	V	V		

		phase behavior, fluid density and viscosity, interfacial tension, and fluid compositions are discussed. Interpreting lab data for engineering applications. Calculations with k-values and equation of state. Introduction to fluid properties software.									
4	Petroleum Engineering seminar	Professional communication and research skills are essential qualities for future researchers. This course is aimed at developing the skills of oral and written communication, critical analysis of information and their processing, presentation and giving/receiving feedback from colleagues, as well as the preparation of scientific theses and articles	5	v				v	v		
5	Reservoir Engineering II: Secondary and tertiary recovery	This class covers waterflooding and gas injection schemes for increasing oil recovery. Furthermore, tertiary recovery methods, such as, chemical, termal, and miscible EOR are discussed. Students learn to use analytical and numerical tools to predict incremental oil recovery.	6		V	V			V		
6	Oil and gas geology	Oil and gas, and their physical properties. Genesis of	5				v	v	v	v	

		petroleum. Migration of petroleum. Collection of oil and gas. Porosity. Permeability. Natural reservoirs of oil and gas. Deposits of oil and gas. Fields of oil and gas. Geophysical and geochemical methods of search for oil and gas geological structure and petroliferous of sedimentary basins of Kazakhstan. Distribution of oil and gas reserves in earth core. Characteristic of zone of oil And gas resources.							
7	Engineering and computer graphics	The discipline is aimed at the study of methods for the image of objects and the general rules of drawing, using computer graphics; the study of the basic principles and geometric modeling approach and methodology for developing applications with a graphical interface; the formation of skills in the use of graphic systems for the development of drawings, using 2D and 3D modeling methods	5		V	V	V		
8	Mathematics I	The course is devoted to the study of the basic concepts of higher mathematics and its applications. The main provisions of the discipline are	5	V	V				

		applied in the teaching of all general education engineering and special disciplines taught by graduate departments. The course sections include elements of linear algebra and analytical geometry, an introduction to analysis, differential calculation of functions of one and several variables. Methods for solving systems of equations, problems of using vector calculations in solving problems of geometry, mechanics, and physics are considered. Analytical geometry on a plane and space, differential calculation of functions of one variable, derivatives and differentials, study of the behavior of functions, derivative and gradient in direction, extremum of a function of several variables.								
9	Mathematics II	The discipline is a continuation of Mathematics I. sections of the course include integral calculus of a function of one variable and several variables, series theory. Indefinite integrals, their properties and methods of their calculation. Certain integrals and their	5	V	V					

		application. Incorrect integrals. Numerical series theory, functional series theory, Taylor and Macloren Series, application of series to approximate calculations.								
10	Mathematics III	The discipline is a continuation of Mathematics II. The course includes sections: ordinary differential equations and elements of probability theory and mathematical statistics. Differential equations with separable variables, homogeneous, in full differentials, linear inhomogeneous differential equations with constant coefficients, systems of linear differential equations with constant coefficients, finding the probability of events, calculating the numerical characteristics of random variables, using statistical methods for processing experimental data are studied.	5	V	V					
11	Fluid mechanics	This fundamental course introduces students to fluid flow in pipes, surface facilities and in oil and gas wells. Topics to be covered are compressible and incompressible flow, fluid statics, dimensional analysis,	5			V	V			

		laminar and turbulent flows, Newtonian and non-Newtonian fluids and two-phase flow.						
	Chemistry	Purpose: formation of knowledge on fundamental issues of general chemistry and skills of their application in professional activity. Summary Laws, theoretical propositions and conclusions that underlie chemical disciplines; properties and relationships of chemical elements based on the periodic law of D.I.Mendeleev and on modern ideas about the structure of matter; fundamentals of chemical thermodynamics and kinetics; processes in solutions; structure of complex compounds.	5	V		V		
13	Oil and gas well drilling	It outlines about the modern methods of drilling oil and gas wells, drilling regimes, methods of their design, select the layout of the drill string and its calculations about the influence of parameters of drilling mode and drilling fluid on the performance of drill bits and operational costs per 1 m of penetration, about the complications while drilling and methods of their prevention and liquidation, pan	5	V	V		V	V

		directional drilling of wells, the specifics of offshore well drilling and construction offshore floating and fixed installations, of technical-economic indicators of well construction, safety measures, labor protection and environment, performed in the course of drilling.								
	Revervoir engineering I: Primary recovery	This class covers material balance calculations for normal gas, retrograde condensate, black and volatile oil systems with and without gas-cap, water drive. Students are also exposed to analytical methods of forecasting future reservoir performance using material balance and decline curve analyses.	5			V	V			
	Solving the problems of oil and gas engineering	The discipline considers case studies with industry and their solutions, which include topics of machinery and technology in drilling, mining, development and transportation; safety equipment, labor protection, management.	5			v	v			
16	Petroleum and gas chemistry	Chemistry of oil and gas. The course examines the theoretical foundations of the chemistry of oil and gas, the physico-	5	v	v	V				

		chemical properties of hydrocarbon raw materials. The main technological methods of crude oil preparation. Methods and technology of separation of multicomponent systems. Chemical transformations of hydrocarbons. Methods of oil and gas refining necessary for practical solutions of physico- chemical problems arising at various stages of the oil chain. Economically feasible and environmentally friendly technologies for the preparation of crude oil for transportation and processing. Engineering calculation skills.							
17	Strength of materials	Stretching and compression. Pressure in sections and deformations of a direct core. Mechanical properties of materials at a stretching and com-pression. Calculation on durability and rigidity at a stretching-compression. Geometrical charac-teristics of flat sections. Shift and torsion. Cal-culation on durability and rigidity at torsion. A bend. Normal and tangents of a pressure at a bend. Calculation on durability at a bend. The	6	V					

		theory of the intense and deformed conditions. A hypothesis of a limiting condition. Complex resistance. Stability of balance of deformable systems. Dynamic loading.						
18	Thermodynamics and heat engineering	The discipline studies the basic concepts and definitions of heat. The first and the second law of thermodynamics. Thermodynamic processes of ideal gases. A discharge throttling gases and vapors. The process of vaporization, P,V; T, S; h, s – diagram of water vapor. Thermodynamic cycles of thermal engines and plants. Heat transfer. The thermal conductivity. Convective heat transfer. The heat transfer during forced and free motion of the fluid. Fundamentals of thermal calculation of heat exchangers.	5	V		V		
19	Physics I	Objectives: to study the basic physical phenomena and laws of classical, modern physics; methods of physical research; the relationship of physics with other sciences. The following topics are considered: mechanics, dynamics of rotational motion of a solid	5	V	v			

		body, mechanical harmonic waves, fundamentals of molecular kinetic theory and thermodynamics, transport phenomena, continuum mechanics, electrostatics, direct current, magnetic field, Maxwell equations.						
20	Physics II	The course studies the laws of physics and their practical application in professional activity. Solving theoretical and experimental-practical educational problems of physics for the formation of the foundations in solving professional problems. Assessment of the degree of accuracy of the results of experimental or theoretical research methods, modeling of physical condition using a computer, study of modern measuring equipment, development of skills for conducting test studies and processing their results, distribution of the physical content of applied tasks of the future specialty.	5	v	V			
21	Reservoir rock properties	The main objective of teaching this discipline is to provide students with sufficient knowledge of the main	4		v		7	V

		physical properties of rocks							
		and mineral resources,							
		objective laws of their							
		alterations depending on							
		various geological-							
		mineralogical factors, pressure							
		and temperature, as well as							
		defining interrelation of the							
		properties under consideration.							
		Modern rock properties uses a							
		wide range of physical methods							
		for substance analysis allowing							
		to measure loads of various							
		physical parameters of rocks							
		with high expressivity,							
		accuracy and reproducibility.							
		Over the last decades this							
		discipline has evolved into an							
		independent discipline with a							
		rich and branchy arsenal of							
		contemporary techniques and							
		individual scientific trends.							
		Cycle of ba	_						
1	D '11' (1 ' 1	Election		nt	1 1		1		
1	Drilling fluids	Discipline "Drilling solutions	5		V			1	<i>Y</i>
		and grouting mixtures" plays							
		an important role in the							
		formation of specialists in the							
		drilling of oil and gas.							
		Knowledge of this discipline							
		allow you to choose wisely the							
		type of drilling and cement							
		slurries for specific geological							
		conditions in the drilling and							

		completion of wells, to	$\overline{}$
		determine the scope of	
		different types of drilling and	
		cement slurries, the method of	
		operating properties, to develop	
		a formulation of a solution	
		experiment to find the	
		composition of a solution with	
		given properties, to calculate	
		the required amount of	
		materials for the preparation of	
		solutions, to select the	
		equipment for preparation,	
		processing, purification,	
		degassing of drilling muds, as	
		well as to properly hold the	
		technology of grouting works.	
2	Natural gas engineering	This class is about producing	
		gas and condensate from such	
		fields. Specifically, this class	
		covers: composition and main	
		physico-chemical properties of	
		natural gases. Classification of	
		deposits on the composition of	
		the hydrocarbon phase	
		structure. Methods of	
		determining the accumulation	
		type. The distribution of	
		pressure fields and gas wells.	
		Modes of operation of gas	
		wells. Gas-hydrodynamic	

	methods of research of gas and gas condensate wells.							
Design and operation of oil and gas pipelines	The course considers the main issues of pipeline transport of liquid and gaseous hydrocarbons, provides a classification of pipelines and its main objects, the essence of the technological processes associated with the transfer of oil and gas through pipelines, as well as the sequence of technological calculations of pipelines. The main topics of the course are the hydraulic calculation of the pipeline, calculation of complex pipelines, determination of the optimal frequency of pipeline cleaning, peculiarities of pumping high-viscosity and high-boiling oils, determination of conditions for the removal of gas and water from trunk pipelines, calculation of the carrying capacity of pipelines, internal cavity cleaning and testing of main oil pipelines for durability and tightness, underwater crossings of oil pipelines, stability of lifting pipelines, calculations of	5			v	V		

		longitudinal movements of underground pipelines.							
_	1	Cycle of pro	ofileded disc sity compon	<u> </u>			Į.		
1	Petroleum production engineering	This class covers fundamental principles of production engineering, empirical models for production decline curve analysis, and the future performance of natural oil and gas wells. Some topics include: well completion, artificial lift methods design, sucker rod pumps, gas lift, progressing cavity pumps, electrical submersible pumps, nodal analysis.	4	V		V			
2	Economic evaluation of oil and gas projects	The standard analysis of cash flow for oil projects and the determination of acceptability of proposed projects in terms of their attractiveness and feasibility.	5		V	V			V
3	Multidisciplinary petroleum project	This class provides multidisciplinary setting for students to integrate knowledge of geology, geophysics, and petroleum engineering to solve real tasks of the oil and gas industry. Students work in teams, and in the end present	5			V		v	

		results of their work in oral and									
		written forms.									
4	Oil and gas facilities design and operation	This course covers the oil and gas surface facilities. The following topics are considered: a gathering system under pressure, taking into account the size and configuration of the area of an oil field; oil and gas separation; main purposes and types of oil and gas separators; calculation of separators taking into account the gas and liquid throughput; piping classification; prevention of pollution and clogging of pipelines and methods for their cleaning; oil processing; oil emulsions and their properties; main methods of destruction of oil emulsions; purpose and types of reservoir tanks.	6	V					V	V	
5	Corrosion protection of oil	Basic concepts and definitions	4		v	V		v			
	and gas equipment	of corrosion processes. Chemical corrosion of metals. Electrochemical corrosion of metals. Corrosive surveys. Insulation coating metal structures. Cathodic protection of underground metal									

6 Well completion	The purpose of the discipline consists in studying technological operations ranging from well construction finishing to putting it into production. The list of jobs includes opening up the productive formation in the course of drilling, sampling promising horizons, fulfilling the casing program, permeable horizons isolating, secondary opening up of the production formation by perforating, testing the well and obtaining its planned production. Depending on geological log conditions, permeable and productive horizons characteristics, reservoirs physical properties the mode of cementing job is selected as well as the plugging materials' properties. The ratings of casing and their cementing are performed, their hydraulic program is assigned.	6						V	V
	Cycle of pro	ofileded disc	iplines	•	•	•			

	Election	n Component			
Computer - aided design	This discipline deals with the	5	V	v	v
	methodology of computer-				
	aided design, the				
	decompositions of technical				
	systems, efficiency of technical				
	systems, impact of				
	environment on technical				
	systems as well as fundamental				
	concepts of analysis machines.				
	Concepts of modern design				
	technologies with application				
	of CAD/CAE/CAM systems.				
	Widely regarded methods of				
	geometric modeling used in				
	modern CAD systems.				
	Discusses the integration and				
	modularity of CAD/CAE/CAM				
	systems. Also concepts of				
	contemporary approaches to				
	design with the use of CALS -				
	technologies, when collectively				
	considered the entire life cycle				
	of designed object from				
	conceptual design to disposal.				
	Examines the current direction				
	of CALS - technologies and				
	international standards (ISO				
	and STEP standards). During				
	the course, students solve				
	problems on geometric				
	constructions with the use of				
	AutoCAD, mastering the				
	methods of automation of				

		engineering calculations using Visual Basic programming language, composed of MS Excel.							
2	Directional drilling	The study of the discipline gives the ability to cross the layers of rocks and mineral deposits in the most favorable direction, to avoid shallow directional wells and drill vertically-inclined bore for the sound profile, gives the opportunity to reel in deposits of the mineral at several points from the barrel, i.e. to drill multilateral wells.	5			V	V		V
3	Geostatistics	The course aims at increasing the understanding of applied geostatistics and focus on concepts and methods important for modelling heterogeneity and uncertainty in reservoir models. Emphasis is put on work processes for 3D reservoir modelling rather than mathematics and algorithms.	5		v			,	v
4	Petroleum regulations and practices	This course covers major aspects of law governing oil and gas business. It introduces such topics as scientific and engineering background of oil and gas law, energy policy, and oil and gas lease. This course focuses on the legal rules that	5	V		V			v

		govern the development of privately owned mineral rights, which often also apply to governmentally owned resources. It covers topics such as the nature, protection, and conveying of oil and gas rights, leasing, and taxation.								
5	Theory and practice of project management		5	•	v					
6	Multiphase flow systems	The course covers the formation of multiphase flows in horizontal, inclined and	5			v			V	

		vertical wells, and pipelines, methods of dynamic calculations, the definition of technological parameters. General conservation laws, interfacial conditions, and constitutive relationships. Multiphase flows in pipes, maps of flow regimes, distribution of concentrations, pressure drop.							
7	Reservoir geomechanics	This module expands on existing knowledge in the field of rock mechanics, in particular with regard to the systematic design of excavation work and support systems in rock formations. It examines the strength and stress variability of rock mass at different scales and describes methods that engineers can use for long term planning and risk mitigation during drilling, production and reservoir engineering.	5	V	V				
8	Flow assurance	There are many problems in the transportation of oil and gas through pipelines. These problems require a real understanding of the fundamentals of fluid mechanics, heat transfer, phase changes, sedimentation and/or obstruction, erosion, and new	5			V			v

		technologies to ensure reliable and cost-effective supply of oil and gas. Deepwater production, heavy oils, high water quality, heavy clogging, hydrates, acid gases, asphaltenes, and waxes make this task even more difficult. This course will provide a detailed explanation of topics, a well-balanced set of tutorials with real-life examples, invites a lecture from experienced engineers and training in specific software flow.						
9	Design and operation of oil and gas storages	Underground and above ground reservoirs. The foundation and base of the tanks. When choosing sites for the placement of tanks, take into account: the quality and condition of the soil lying at the base of the site; climatic and seismic conditions of the area; the groundwater flow regime, their chemical composition, as well as the permissible loads on the soils and the type of base that must be established for each case after careful analysis. Classification of tank farms. The main facilities tank farms.	5	V				

		The nomenclature of domestic steel tanks. Technical characteristics of tanks Vertical isothermal tanks. Axisymmetric drop-shaped tanks. Horizontal tanks. Technical and economic indicators. Loss of oil and petroleum products in the operation of tank farms. The general procedure for repairing tanks at tank farms. Determination of the volume of the tank farm and the choice of types of tanks.							
10	Fundamentals of Data Analytics and Programming for Petroleum Engineers	The main goal of the discipline is to acquire basic skills in assessing the reliability and predicting complications during the operation of equipment in the oil and gas industry, selecting methods for increasing oil recovery, optimizing transport routes, and predicting the effectiveness of developing new fields. The discipline covers topics such as probability theory, regression, correlation, creation of scripts and modules for calculating data during reservoir assessment, development and drilling.	5		V	V	V	V	

11	Reservoir Engineering III: reservoir simulation	This course covers the fundamental principles of oil and gas reservoir modeling, starting with the continuity equation, the Darcy equation, ending with a two-phase, two-dimensional reservoir model. Students learn not only to use commercial software for reservoir modeling, but also create their own simple models.	5			v	V	
12	Artificial lift systems	This class covers the following topics: overview of artificial lift technology; criteria for selection of artificial lift system; reservoir performance: inflow and outflow relationships; artificial lift screening; introduction to rodpumping, gas lift, and ESP systems, design.	5			V	V	
	Design and operation of pump and compressor stations	The course is to teach future specialists about technology and organization of the construction of the linear part of trunk pipelines and the development of process diagrams for the installation of structures of pump and compressor stations, as well as	5			v	v	

	the main and auxiliary process equipment, engineering networks and process pipelines ensuring their safe operation and reliability over a standard service life and during construction and reconstruction	3,				
14 Well Stimulati	This practical course is designed for those involved in all aspects of well stimulation. To be better able to make decisions it is important to have a basic understanding of the types of formations and basic reservoir properties with which we deal. For this reason, time is spent in the early portion of the course setting the geological and reservoir property stage for vertical, horizontal, and 5 multilateral wells prior to d5 eveloping the basic formation damage, acidizing, and hydraulic fracturing concepts. The course includes acidizing and fracturing quality control, conducting the treatment, monitoring pressures, and other critical parameters during and after the treatment.	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		V	V	

15	Well testing	This class covers physical principles, execution technology, and methods of interpreting results of modern comprehensive well testing. This course is designed to improve students' self-study skills. Therefore, students must consciously devote sufficient time and effort to learning, understanding, and applying knowledge and skills in the classroom. Lectures are held in the form of discussions based on what students have learned and missed while working on problems.	5			V	V	
16	Well workover	This discipline covers the basic technology of well workover, introduces students to tools and equipment, gives an idea of the rational and efficient methods of carrying out repairs, as well as an introduction to the appointment of units, equipment and tools work over, operating conditions and repair, and basic requirements to them and their principles of operation and equipment; the	5			V	V	

		foundations of their theory of analysis, design and operation.							
17	Development of offshore fields	The principles of the development of offshore fields, taking into account the geological and industrial, technical and technological, transport, environmental and regulatory components. The study of the discipline will make it possible to familiarize bachelors with the stages of development of shelf fields, with the peculiarities of drafting project documents and the regulatory framework used in this case, with the peculiarities of technologies for operating offshore wells and increasing their potential production capacity, with the peculiarities of transporting products of offshore fields and environmental aspects of the development of offshore fields, with taking into account foreign and domestic experience.	5				V	V	



KAZAKH NATIONAL RESEARCH TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY seemed after K.LSATPA



CURRICULUM of Educational Program on enrollment for 2023-2024 academic year

Educational program 6807284 - "Petroleum Engineering" Group of Educational programs 68071 - Mining and extraction of minerals"

	Name of disciplines	Duration of Cycle	Tetal	Total	Classroom	SIS	Form of	demit degree: Bachelor of Engineering and Technology Allacation of face to face training based on courses and separaters								
Discipline	DECEMBER OF THE PROPERTY OF TH	54.5	amount	bours	RESPONS	(includin	routed	1 cou	rice not to	De-to-fa	ce trainis garge	g based :	SE COURSE DUTHE	and sen	noters	
code	1		in credits		lenlab/pe	g TSIS))	1 screester	1	- 3	4	Secress		7	deric 5	
	Lancate and the second					in hours					semeste	er	semeste	seneste		
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	Market and the second s			1. Mode	ule of lange	usee trai	nine				_					
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LNG (na	Karakh (Ryssian) brausige	GED. RC	10	300	0.076	210	E	1	5							
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C88.011	English)	GED, RC		150	2/1/0	105	E			5						
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HUM 137	History of Kazakhatan	GED, RC	5	150	1/0/2	105	SE	-						_		
HUM D2	Philosophy	GED, RC	3	150	1/0/2	108	E			5					_	
HUM-120	Socio-political lenov ledge readule (sociology , politology)		3	90	1/0/1	60	E			3						
	Socio-political lesew tedge module strakusmogy.	CED. RC			1747					,						
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		OED, CUM	3	190	2001	150	Ł				3					
PETSIV CHE 456	Fundamentals of scientific research methods															
CHE 630	Ecology and life safety		678-678													
		7.77			ASIC DISC											
2447 (O)	Mathematics I	M	6. Modul		sical and a		tical traini	ng								
	Physics I	BD, UC BD, UC		150	1/0/2	105	3	- 5								
1000	Prosice II	3.6.7.10		150	1/1/1	105	- 8	5			_					
HY 112	1,444.0	BD, UC		150	1004	105	E		. 3							
MAT III	Mathematics II	BD, UC	3	350	1/0/2	105	E		.5							
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1		20,00	25				-			5						
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PET484	Introduction to Major	BD, UC	4	120	1884	75	E	4								
E0488	Oil and gas geology	BD, UC	5	150	2/1/0*	105	E			-	5	_	-		_	
EN441	Strength of materials	2-36-50									- 2				_	
JENN43		BD, UC	6	180	2/1/1*	120	Е			6						
CHEE495	Chentistry	BD, UC	3.	150	33071*	105	E			3						
ET400	Thermodynamics and heat craincering	BD, UC	5	159	2/1/0*	105	E			1	5 :					
ET4H)	Plead mechanics	80.UC	5.	150	2/1/0*	105	E					33				
	Chemistry of all and gas								-	-	_					
HE559		BD, UC	5	150	2/1/0*	105	E				5					
ET415	Revenuir fluid propeties	mm vin						_		_					_	
		BD, UC	25	150	2/1/0*	105	E					5				
E1416	Department component	BD, UC	5	150	2/1/0*	105	I.					. 5				
ET411	Reservoir rock properties	BD, UC	5	150	2/1/04	105	T					5				
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ET485	Secured one broncess or on suc fee collectoring	BD, UC	5	150	1/02*	75							4			
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ET507	Educational practice	BD, UC	2		77	31037	11/2012		7					100		
7		M-	8. Petrole	um Eng	incering B	asic Trai	ning Mod	ule								
CTAIL	Oli and and replications	HU, UL	1	1,90	Tilble	109	E					300				
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E1422	recovery	BD, LC	4	126	1/9/2*	15	£						5			
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	The state of the s	200	CYCLE		OFILE DE		(ES (PD)					9.7	-	_	_	
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4.000	Well complution	PD, UC	+	120	2/0/1*	75	. 5						+			
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	Petroleum Production Engineering	PD, UC	3	120	1474.	75	E						4			
3303	Elective	PD, CCH	5	150	2/19*	105	E						5			
ET489	Economic evaluation of cit and gas projects	PD, DC	6	180	2/1/11*	120	8							6		
ET5(a)	Other on Soline Asia and accomm	Maria Santa		10000	00000	200			-							
ET5(8)	Oil and gas facilities design and operation Elective	PD, UC	6	120	2/0/1*	120	E		-	-	_		_	6		
107	Elective	PD, CCH	2	120	2/1/1*	105	E							5	_	
108	Elective	PD. CCH	9	150	2/1/0*	105	- 0							5		
E[14]	Maliabacultany periokena project	PD. CCH PD. UC	3	150	2/1/04	105	Ē								1	
ET419	Correspondence of oil and gas equipment	PD, UC	5	150	2/0/1*	108	8								- 5	
ETTERNE	Elective	PD, CCH	3	150	2/1/0*	105	E				-				- 5	
ET508.	Production aractice I Production practice II	PD, UC	7	150							2					
	COMMUNICATION OF THE PROPERTY	PD, UC	-	150									- 0			

Control of the Contro	PD, UC					-		_		_	_		_	- 4
		V s	M-10. N	fedule of	final attes	tation								_
ECA108 Final attestation	- FA	1												5
		M-11	Medule	of addit	ional types	of train	ma .				_	_		_
AAPSID Military affairs	ATT	0												_
Tatal based on UNIVERSITY:		1					31	29	31	29	34	16	33	3
							60		69		60	- 11	- 6	6

	Number of credits for the entire period	of study								
Cycle cade	Cycles of disciplines	Credits								
	99-9-35 (6) (2) (2) (3) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4	component (RC)	oniversity component (UC)	compensate of choice (CCH)	Total					
GED	Cycle of general education disciplines	51		. 5	-50					
80	Cycle of baric disciplines		107	5.	. 132					
PD	Cycle of profile disciplings		39	25	- 64					
	Total for theoretical training:	51	146	.35	2.52					
FA	final attentation	8			1					
	TOTAL	59	146	35	240					

Decision of the Academic Council of Kazatu named after K.Satpayev, Protocol Ne 5 24 november 2022 y.

Decision of the Educational and Methodological Council of Kazatu named after K.Satpayev, Protocol No. 3 17 november 2022 y.

Decision of the Academic Council of the Institute. Protocol No. 20r " 14" 10 2027.

Vice-Rector for Academic Affairs

Institute Director

Department Head Specialty Council from employers B.A. Zhautikov

A.H. Syzdykov

G. Zh. Yeligbayeva

N.A. Nysangaliyev

Austennuf



KAZAKH NATIONAL RESEARCH TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY offer KISATBAYET

APPROVED

ology, Oll and Gas Engineering

MAJOR ELECTIVE DISCIPLINES educatio

Educational program 6807204 "Petroleum Group of educational programs 68071" "Mining

Year of study	Code of elective	Code of discipline	Name of discipline	Semestr Cycle Credits		Credits	Total hours	lec/lab/pr	SIW (including SIWT) in hours	Prerequisite	
			Petraleum Engineering Basic	Training Module							
		PET509	Drilling solutions	27(00)	No.	111		2/0/1		PET)12	
3	3215	PETSII	Natural gas engineering	5	В	5	150	2/0/1		PET133	
3	_	PET510	Design and operation of oil and gfs pipelines		1000		2000	1/0/2	1	10	
	-		nal Activity	Module							
		PET437	Well stimulation		-			2/0/1		PET124	
_	5303	PET428	Design and operation of pump and compressor stations	6	8	- 5	150	1/0/2		PET125	
		PET451	Revervoir engineering III reservoir simulation					2/0/1		PET126	
		PE7432	Directional drilling					2/0/1		PET 127	
	4305	PET434	Design and operation of oil and gas storages	7	S	- 5	150	1/0/2		PET126	
		PET439	Artificial lift systems		17.52		11127	1/1/1		PET129	
		PET442	Well testing	77.545		725	5-045	2/1/0		PET130	
4	4307	PET440	Well workover	7	8	- 5	150	2/0/1		PET131	
		PET430	Computer - sided design		1000	77.7	1.545	2/0/1		PET132	
		PET438	Development of offshore fields					1/0/2		PET133	
	4308	PET423	Geostatistica	7	5	62	7.985	2/0/1		PET134	
	1202	PET433	Plow assurance	7	5	.5	150	1/0/2		PET135	
		PET429	Multiphase flow systems					1/0/2		PET 136	
		ATTOCAL CO.	Module"R&D	* .				7-500		1907100	
	-	PET417	Petroleum regulations and practices					2/0/1		700	
	1000	PET421	Reservoir geomechanics		1			2/0/1		PET101	
	4311	PET512	Fundamentals of Data Analytics and Programming for Petroleum Engineers		S	8	150	1/1/1			
		NSE(85	Theory and practice of project management.					2/0/1			

Credits numbers of elective disciplines over	the entire period of study	
Cycle of disciplines	Credits	
Cycle of basic disciplines (B)	3	,
Cycle of special disciplines (S)	25	•
Overall:	30	,

G. Yeligbayeva

N.A. Nysangaliev

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